Bercut-MMT

Signalling Protocol Analysis

Operation Manual 1.2.7, 2009

Metrotek

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1. Introduction

1.1 General

Bercut-MMT Analyzer is a measurement device designed on the basis of a modular platform. It supports measurements in different segments of modern multi-technology telecommunication networks.

The analyzer's modular design provides its user with virtually unlimited testing and measuring capabilities for both traditional interface parameters and for working out long term diagnostics solutions for the communication network.

Figure 1.1 presents an external view of the device.



Figure 1.1. External view

The **Bercut-MMT** device consists of the system unit and two pluggable modules $(cards^1)$, that provide an interface to such testing objects as PCM E1 streams, data transmission interfaces (Datacom) or Gigabit Ethernet.

The System Unit provides for the basic device functionality, i.e.: control of **Bercut-MMT** platform components, an interface to peripheral devices, power supply monitoring, a user interface and specialized computation, states and measurement modes indication.

 $^{^1}$ Terms $Pluggable\ Cards$ and $Pluggable\ Modules$ are convertible terms in the present manual and will be used interchangeably with equal meaning.

The **Bercut-MMT** System Unit consists of the following main components:

- Processor Module with a preinstalled operation system and nonvolatile data storage devices;
- LCD display with a sensor panel;
- number of multipurpose indication LEDs;
- keyboard;
- batteries;
- connectors for peripheral devices (serial port, USB interfaces, 10/100BaseT LAN interfaces, SD/MMC card connectors and connectors for head-phones and an external power supply);
- connectors for specialized pluggable cards (modules) installation.

Cards usually contain a powerful processor that performs computations typical for a certain measurements mode. Computation results are transferred to the platform central processor that displays them to a user.

Various pluggable cards have different sets of hardware interfaces and programmable options. Each card has a unique serial number and provides information about a manufacturer, types of interfaces, allowed measurement options, etc.

1.2 Documentation Set

Depending on the ordered options, the following operations guides are delivered with the device:

- **Bercut-MMT**. Telecommunication Networks Analyzer Universal Platform.
- Bercut-MMT. E1 Interfaces Analysis.
- Bercut-MMT. Signalling Protocol Analysis.
- Bercut-MMT. Data transmission Interfaces Testing.
- Bercut-MMT. Ethernet 10/100 and Gigabit Ethernet Analysis.
- Bercut-MMT. OPIE Graphical Environment.

1.3 Modifications Notice

The manufacturer reserves the right to make any modifications that do not affect operability of the analyzer **Bercut-MMT** to the device hardware and software and to operation manuals without further notice and at its sole discretion.

2.1 Features of the signalling flow analysis card

B4-E1-4 card enables to monitor up to eight E1 interfaces (four bi-directional signalling links) simultaneously. The analyzer automatically registers and decodes signalling data in real time, according to international and national signalling protocol standards.

The options delivered with the **Bercut-MMT** device in the *Signalling* data flow monitoring and analysis mode are as follows:

- **B4-SIG1**: the analyzer of signalling protocols including the national SS7, ISDN, V5 signalling protocols:
 - MTP (Russian specifications, ITU-T Q.700-Q.709, White Book);
 - ISUP (Russian specifications, 2001, ITU-T Q.761-Q.764, Blue Book, 1988, White Book, 1993, 1997, ITU-T Q.767, 1991, MoU: ETSI ETS 300 121, 1991);
 - SCCP (Russian specifications 1994, 2001, ITU-T: Q.711-Q.716, White Book, 1996);
 - TCAP (Russian specifications 1994, 2001, ITU-T: Q.711-Q.774, White Book, 1997);
 - ISDN PRI (ETSI: ETS 300 011, ETS 300 125, ETS 300 102, ITU-T I.431, Q.921, Q.931);
 - V.5 (ETSI: ETS 300 324, ETS 300 347).
- **B4-R**: the analyzer of 2BCK (R1.5) signalling protocols.

2.2 B4-E1-4: the signalling flow analysis card

The signalling flow analysis card can work in two modes (for the method of mode changeover, refer to the **Bercut-MMT**. The Platform of Universal Telecommunication System Analyzer operation manual). The card has the following labels:

- the bottom label (**Rx/Tx** and **Sync**) corresponds to the *Measurement* and analysis of 2048 kbit/s PCM path parameters mode;
- the top label (**R0/T0/R1** and **R2/T1/R3**) corresponds to the *Moni*toring and analysis of the signalling flow mode.



Figure 2.1. B4-E1-4 card

3. Connection and Start of Operation

3.1 Path Connection

- Insert the B4-E1-4 plug-in card into the device.
- Using a cable, connect the device to the PCM path to be tested:
 - 1. insert the connecting cable plug into the Rx0..3 connector on the interface module upper panel until click;
 - 2. by using an *alligator* clip connect the device to PCM equipment.



To disconnect the analyzer from PCM path, do the following: first, disconnect the cable from PCM path, then unplug the cable from the connector on the interface module.

3.2 Setting E1 Port Parameters

After connecting to PCM equipment, before starting the operation, it is necessary to set E1 port parameters.

E1 port parameters must be set each time you change the connection. When you work with the same signaling line, the set configuration is saved in the device memory and does not require reconfiguration.

To set PCM port parameters, open the application $Port \ setup$ and select the port number (Fig. 3.1):

? HDLC ports setup		\otimes \otimes
		Card 0 🔻
Port	Protection	Coding
0	Prot.res.	HDB3 V
1	Prot.res.	HDB3 V
2	🗹 Prot.res.	HDB3
3	Prot.res.	HDB3
(Apply)		Reset
)) () ()		🔹 📔 o 🔿 🚍 22:1

Figure 3.1. HDLC Line Configuration

Select a device operation mode.

• **Protection** — this option allows to control the analyzer built-in protective resistors at Rx0.

If the option is on, then Rx0..Rx3 input ports will be connected to the tester scheme through the internal resistance of 470 ohm.

• HDB3/AMI — a type of line encoding.

3.3 LED Indicator State

For E1 interface analysis card, there is LED indication ensuring the visual control over conditions of measurements and data receiving.

The LED indicators ensure a sufficient volume of information for analysis and decision making.



Figure 3.2. LED Indicators

The LED indicators values are given for each interface of the **B4-E1-4** card.

LINK — state of connection:

- green there is a continuous signal as from the moment of discard;
- red there is no signal at the moment.

ACT — testing state:

- green data collection in the mode *Protocol Analysis*;
- no light there is no data collection.

3.4 Selection of Card Operation Mode

The data transfer interface analysis card may operate in a mode that can be set by using the application **Firmware update utility**: **O-Menu** \Rightarrow **Settings** \Rightarrow **Firmware update utility**. For detailed description of the operation mode setting see the operation manual of *Bercut-MMT*. *Platform of universal telecommunication system analyzer*.

This chapter describes the *Protocol Analysis* subsystem which enables realtime collection of signalling data, filtering based on message parameters, viewing of detailed signalling packet contents with customizable grain size, saving of received data and processing of previously saved files.

The **Protocol Analysis** subsystem includes the following applications:

Link Setup — allows to set up parameters of connected signalling links;
 Filters Setup — allows to set up decoder parameters and specify filtering conditions;

- **Protocol Analysis** allows to perform the real time monitoring of the signalling flow, its decoding and postprocessing;
- **Port Setup** allows to trace the current status of the monitoring process in real time.

Note: the applications of the Protocol Analysis subsystem are run in the HDLC operational mode. For information about operation mode changeover, please refer to section 3.4.

4.1 Preliminary Settings

- 1. Start the *Firmware update utility* application (**O-menu** \Rightarrow **Settings** \Rightarrow **Firmware update utility**) and make sure that the HDLC is selected as the current mode.
- 2. Set the signalling link parameters.
- 3. Create the signalling link group(s).
- 4. Specify the corresponding decoder parameters.

4.2 Signalling Link Settings

Activate the **Link Setup** application and specify the following parameters for each connected link:

Port: the number of the port to which the test link is connected;

Timeslot: the number of the time slot of the PCM path that is used for signalling data transmission;

Ignore FISU: enable/disable filtering of short packets. If this option is enabled (set as 1), then the analyzer will ignore all packets with a length less than 4 bytes when registering the flow. It is recommended to use this option.

(?) HDLC links setup		\otimes	Ø
		Card 0	V
Port	Timeslot	Ignore FISU	
disabled 🔻 🔻			
disabled 🔻	•		
disabled 🔻 🔻	▼		
disabled 🔻	V		
(Apply)			Reset
🛈 📼 • 🚸		↓	∃22:12

Figure 4.1. Link Settings

Each time the application starts, all parameters are set to *default values*.

To exit the program and save specified parameter values, tap the \mathbf{Apply} button.

4.3 Signalling Links Group

Creation of signalling links group is the first mandatory step required for correct decoding of the signalling flow. Besides, it allows to trace the signalling exchange relating to the specific call.



The signalling data decoder will not work properly if at least one group is not created!

4.3.1 Links group creation

- 1. Run the Filters Setup application and enter the Group section.
- 2. Tap the **New** button. An empty group with the group 0 default name will appear in the left part of the window. To specify an more convenient groups name, tap and hold down the groups name, then input a new name.
- 3. Select the group by marking the relevant string.
- 4. Select the required link in the list of available links and tap \ll button to add this link to the selected links. Add other links in the same way (if necessary).
- 5. When needed, create an other group as described above.



Figure 4.2. Links editing

Protocols and filters setup					
Filter setup Groups					
Groups -0 -1 -2 -3 (<)					
New Remove					
🕐 🔤 - 🌭		∃22:17			

Figure 4.3. Groups content viewing

4.3.2 Link regrouping

- 1. Expand the groups that includes the particular link.
- 2. Select the link and tap the \gg button. The link will be moved to the list of available links.
- 3. Add the released link to an other group.

4.3.3 Groups deleting

- 1. Select the groups to be deleted.
- 2. Tap the **Delete** button.
- 3. Confirm groups deletion in the popped-up dialog box.

The groups will be deleted. All links contained in this groups will be automatically moved to the list of available links.

4.4 Configuration of decoding

Activate the **Filters Setup** application:

- 1. Ensure that at least one signalling groups is created.
- 2. Enter the **Filter setup** section.

3. Select the relevant signalling protocol for each groups (you can select a groups in the corresponding drop-down list).

If it is assumed that the same decoder settings shall be used for all links group, check the *same for all* option. This eliminates the need to specify parameters separately for each links group and allows to reduce the time for configuration.

Protocols and filters setup	
Filter setup Groups	
🗌 same for all 🗹 use filter	(Apply)File)
group 0 🔻	SS7/ISUP
skip fisu	any NI
swap OPC/DPC	any OPC 🌲
any CIC	any DPC 🌩
A number *	
B number *	
Adva	inced
()^ == - 🌭	🕩 📗 • 🔾 Ξ22:19

Figure 4.4. Protocol and link settings

- 4. Tap the $\overline{\cdots}$ button to open the window for protocol standard selection.
- 5. Select the relevant standard for each protocol subsystem (layer). If you do not want to decode and display messages of a particular subsystem, select None .

Tap $\textcircled{\ensuremath{\mathfrak{O}}}$ in the top-right corner to save changes and return to the main window.

Tap \bigotimes in the top-right corner to return to the main window without saving any changes.

group 0: decoder setu	qu		$\otimes \otimes$
Subsystem	Variant	Comment	
🛱 🥬 MTP2	Russian 94		
-O None		None	
–⊙ Russian 94		MTP2: Russian specifications, 1994	
− O White book 93		MTP2: Q.703 White book, 1993	
O Blue book 88		MTP2: Blue book, 1988	
🛱 🎾 МТРЗ	Russian 94		
-O None		None	
-⊙ Russian 94		MTP3: Russian specifications, 1994	
− O White book 93		MTP3: Q.704 White book, 1993	
─ O Blue book 88		MTP3: Q.704 Blue book, 1988	
🖻 🦻 ISUP	Russian 2001		
-O None		None	
- O Russian 94		ISUP: Russian specifications, 1994	
− O International 91		ISUP: Q.767 International, 1991	
− O White book 97		ISUP: Q.763 White book, 1997	
− O White book 93		ISUP: Q.763 White book, 1993	
− O Blue book 88		ISUP: Q.763 Blue book, 1988	
- O MoU 92		ISUP: ETS 300 121 MoU, 1992	
⊡ ⊙ Russian 2001		ISUP-R-2000: Russian specifications, 2001	

Figure 4.5. Decoder selection menu

- 6. Moreover, you can specify protocol-dependent filtering conditions right now (for detailed description, refer to section 5).
- 7. Tap the 🕲 button to save settings.

The Filter Subsystem is a powerful tool that significantly reduces search volume of necessary information in the signalling flow and is used for troubleshooting of possible faults.

This subsystem allows to process signalling data in pre- and post-filtering modes. In the former case, filtering conditions are applied to the data flow being received in real-time, and, in the latter case, to the signalling information that have already been collected and/or stored.

Filtering criteria setup is performed with the **Filters Setup** application (O-menu \Rightarrow Protocol Analysis \Rightarrow Filters Setup).

5.1 Mandatory parameters

Mandatory parameters are required for correct decoding of signalling flow. Before starting the real-time data monitoring, the following parameters should be specified:

- signalling links group;
- decoder parameters.

For the detailed description of the parameter setting process, refer to section 4.1, page 13.

5.2 Filter parameters

The number of available parameters for data filtering depends on the current signalling protocol. The list of filtering criteria for basic protocols see in this section below.

To activate the protocol dependent filters, follow the steps below :

- 1. Check the **use filter** option to activate the fields of parameter values.
- 2. Specify the required values. For string-type parameters, you can use wildcard characters * and ?.
- 3. Specify optional parameters for filtering by tapping the **Advanced** button (see section 5.3, page 26).

4. To save and activate the specified filtering conditions, tap the **Apply** button.

Protocols and filters setup	\odot						
Filter setup Groups							
🗌 same for all 🗹 use filter	ApplyFile						
group 0 🔻	SS7/ISUP						
🗌 skip fisu	any NI						
swap OPC/DPC	any OPC 🍣						
any CIC	any DPC 🌲						
A number *							
B number *							
Adva Adva	anced						
	∰ • () \=22:26						

Figure 5.1. Filter parameters

5.2.1 CAS (R1.5) parameters

The CAS subsystem receives data from the R0/R1 ports; among them, the even port corresponds to the forward direction of the E1 flow, and the odd port corresponds to the backward direction (refer to Fig.5.2, page 21).

? Protoco	ls and filt	ers setup				l	0	\otimes		
Filter setu	Filter setup Groups									
🗌 same for a	all 🗹 use f	ilter					(Applų	JFile)		
group 0			V	CAS				•		
Voice Chan	nels Start	:/Stop								
1	2	3	4	5	6)(7)	8	;		
9	10	<u> </u>	12	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		(16	5		
<u>[17]</u>	l(<u>18</u>)	(<u>19</u>)	(<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(<u> 22)</u> ((24	4]		
()	l <u>(26 </u>)	<u> </u>	(28)	<u> </u>	()					
			Selec	t all						
L										
🛈 📼 - 🖗	•					୍ର 🔁 📲 ୍) 🔾 E	∃22:22		

Figure 5.2. Filter subsystem: settings of CAS

Voice Channels — filtering is based on the voice message number.

Voice Channels	Start/Stop					
🖵 Start event —	·					
		From:	-	0	1	0
		To:	0	1	1	1
- Stop time						
Stop after			unlimited			•



- Start/Stop waiting for a CAS-bit state transition. Data collection can be started upon a specified event (CAS-bit changing). The figure shows an example of data collection upon the CAS-bit state transition from X010 to 0111 (- this value corresponds to any state of CAS-bit).
- **Stop time** the time of data collection.

5.2.2 DSS1/PRI, EDSS1/PRI parameters

Protocols and filters setup	
Filter setup Groups	
🗌 same for all 🗹 use filter	ApplyFile
group 0 🔻	DSS1/PRI
any CIC	any TEI
A number *	
B number *	
Adva	inced
<u>()</u> 🛲 - 🖗	争 📗 • 🔿 =22:24

Figure 5.4. Filter subsystem: settings of DSS1/PRI protocols

- **CIC** Channel Identification Code.
- \mathbf{TEI} Terminal Endpoint Identifier .
- A number/B number called/calling parties numbers. For specifying the numbers, you can use wildcard characters * and ?. When specifying party numbers (A number or B number parameter), you can use * and ? characters. The * character corresponds to any amount of any digits (e.g. the 7* expression corresponds to any number which starts with the digit 7). The ? corresponds to any single digit (e.g. the 123456? entry corresponds to the following numbers: 1234560, 1234561, 1234562, ..., 1234569).
- Advanced for information about setting up of additional capabilities, refer to section 5.3, page 26.

5.2.3 Parameters of the hexadecimal decoder (HEX)

? Protocols ar	nd filters setup				\otimes
Filter setup G	roups				
🗌 same for all 🔄]use filter			(Applų	JFile)
group O		▼ Hex			•
Substring					
(), 🔤 - 🖗			⊉ 🚺	• 🔾 5	∃22:25

Figure 5.5. Filter subsystem: settings of **HEX** protocols

Substring — specify a substring (a hexadecimal code) for filtering. You can use wildcard characters * and ? (refer to section 5.2.2, page 22).

5.2.4 SS7/ISUP parameters

Protocols and filters setup	\bigcirc					
Filter setup Groups						
🗌 same for all 🗹 use filter	(Apply)File					
group 0 🔻	SS7/ISUP					
🗌 skip fisu	any NI 🗘					
swap OPC/DPC	any OPC 🗘					
any CIC	any DPC					
A number *						
B number *						
Advanced						
() ≡ • 🏇	⊉ 👖 • 🔿 🗄 22 : 26					

Figure 5.6. Filter subsystem: settings of SS7/ISUP protocols

skip fisu — to skip FISU ¹

NI — Network Indicator.

OPC — Originating Point Code.

DPC — Destination Point Code.

CIC — Channel Identification Code.

swap OPC/DPC — this option allows to enable changeover of OPC/DPC, i.e. the messages transmitted in both directions will be displayed.

A number/B number — calling and called parties numbers respectively (refer to section 5.2.2, page 22).

Advanced — for information about setting up of additional capabilities, refer to section 5.3, page 26.

 1 Enable/disable filtering of short packets. If this option is enabled (set as ${\bf 1}$), then the analyzer will ignore all packets with a length less than 4 bytes when registering the flow. It is recommended to use this option.

5.2.5 SS7/TCAP parameters

Protocols and filters setup	\odot
Filter setup Groups	
🗌 same for all 🗹 use filter	ApplyFile
group 0 🔻	SS7/TCAP
🗌 skip fisu	any NI
	any OPC
swap OPC/DPC	any DPC
Adva	inced
()^ == - 🎄	鈡 📗 o 📿 =22:27

Figure 5.7. Filter subsystem: settings of SS7/TSAP protocols

skip fisu — to skip FISU 2 .

NI — Network Indicator.

OPC — Originating Point Code.

DPC — Destination Point Code.

swap OPC/DPC — this option allows to enable changeover of OPC/DPC (messages transmitted in both directions will be displayed).

Advanced — for information about setting up of additional capabilities, refer to section 5.3, page 26.

²Enable/disable filtering of short packets. If this option is enabled (set as $_{11} 1_{i,i}$), then the analyzer will ignore all packets with a length less than 4 bytes when registering the flow. It is recommended to use this option.

5.2.6 V5 subsystem parameters

Protocols and filters setup	\odot
Filter setup Groups	
🗌 same for all 🗹 use filter	(Apply)File)
group 0 V5	▼)
☑ Show layer 2 msgs	
Advanced	
() = - 🌭	争 📗 o 📿 = 22 : 28

Figure 5.8. Filter subsystem: settings of V5 protocols

Show layer 2 msgs — enable/disable filtering by 2nd layer messages.
Advanced — for information about setting up of additional capabilities, refer to section 5.3, page 26.

5.3 Additional filtration criteria

Additional filtering criteria are available for the following protocols ³

- SS7/ISUP, EDSS1/PRI, DSS1/PRI, see Fig.5.18, page 32:
 - Messages filtering by message type;
 - Cause Values filtering by cause of disconnection value;
 - the show unknown option allows to display messages that are unknown for the selected protocol.
- **SS7/TCAP** :
 - SCCP Messages message filtering by SCCP type (see Fig.5.9, page 27);

³ Additional settings are activated if at least one decoder for a given protocol is selected (the $\boxed{\cdots}$ button at the right side of the protocol name).

- TCAP Messages message filtering by TCAP type (see Fig.5.10, page 28).
- V5:
 - Subsystems filtering by V5 subsystems (see Fig.5.11, page 28);
 - **PSTN** filtering by Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) messages (see Fig.5.12, page 29);
 - Control filtering by messages of a control protocol (see Fig.5.13, page 29);
 - Protection filtering by messages of a protection protocol (see Fig.5.14, page 30);
 - BCC filtering by messages of the Bearer Channel Connection protocol (see Fig.5.15, page 30);
 - Link Control filtering by messages of the path control protocol (see Fig.5.16, page 31).

SCC	P Messages TCAP Messages	
🗸 use	filter	Show unknown
Code	Name	
1	CONNECTION REQUEST	
2	CONNECTION CONFIRM	
3	CONNECTION REFUSED	
4	RELEASED	
5	RELEASE COMPLETE	
6	DATA FORM 1	
9	UNIT DATA	
10	UNIT DATA SERVICE	
15	PROTOCOL DATA UNIT ERR	
16	INACTVITY TEST	
17	EXTENDED UNIT DATA	
18	EXTENDED UNIT DATA SERVICE	

Figure 5.9. Additional settings of SS7/TCAP: SCCP

?'	Advanced								
SCC	^D Messages	TCAP Messages							
🗹 use	filter			show unknown					
Code	Name								
0	Begin								
1	End								
2	Continue								
3	Abort								
4	Unidirectional								

Figure 5.10. Additional settings of SS7/TCAP: \mathbf{TCAP}

?`	dvanced					
Subsy	stems PTS	TN Control F	Protection	BCC	Link Control	
🗹 use	filter				🗌 show	unknown
Code	Name					
0	V5 PSTN					
1	V5 Control					
2	V5 Protection					
3	V5 BCC					
4	V5 LinkControl					

Figure 5.11. Filtering by subsystems of ${\bf V5}$

?'	ldvanced
Subsy	stems PTSTN Control Protection BCC Link Control
🖌 use	filter Show unknown
Code	Name
0	ESTABLISH
1	ESTABLISH ACK
2	SIGNAL
3	SIGNAL ACK
8	DISCONNECT
9	DISCONNECT COMPLETE
12	STATUS ENQUIRY
13	STATUS
14	PROTOCOL PARAMETER

Figure 5.12. Additional filter settings for V5: PSTN

?`	Advance	d					
Subs	ystems	PTSTN	Control	Protection	BCC	Link Control	
use	filter					show 🗌	unknown
Code	Name						
16 17 18 19		ONTROL ONTROL ON CONTR ON CONTR	ACK ROL ROL ACK				

Figure 5.13. Additional filter settings for V5: Control

?	Advance	d					
Subs	ystems	PTSTN	Control	Protection	BCC	Link Control	
use	filter					show	unknown
Code	Name						
24	SWITCH	1-OVER RE	Q				
25	SWITCH	I-OVER C	ЭM				
26	OS-SW	ITCH-OVE	RCOM				
27	SWITCH	I-OVER A	СК				
28	SWITCH	H-OVER RE	IJECT				
29	PROTO	COLERRO	DR				
30	RESET	SNCOM					
31	RESET	SN ACK					

Figure 5.14. Additional filter settings for V5: Protection

?'	Advanced
Subsy	ystems PTSTN Control Protection BCC Link Control
🗹 use	filter show unknown
Code	Name
32	ALLOCATION
33	ALLOCATION COMPLETE
34	ALLOCATION REJECT
35	DE-ALLOCATION
36	DE-ALLOCATION COMPLETE
37	DE-ALLOCATION REJECT
38	AUDIT
39	AUDIT COMPLETE
40	AN FAULT
41	AN FAULT ACKNOWLEDGE
42	PROTOCOLERROR

Figure 5.15. Additional filter settings for V5: BCC



Figure 5.16. Additional filter settings for V5: Link Control

5.3.1 Filtering by messages

- 1. Tap the Advanced button to open the Additional settings window.
- 2. There is the **use filter** option on each tab, which activates the list of message types (see Fig.5.18, page 32). Available message types are determined by the standard selected for compliance analysis.
- 3. Check the **show unknown** option (if necessary).
- 4. Check required message types. To unmark all selected list items, tap the **Clear** button in the lower part of the window.
- 5. To return to the **Filter settings** window and save the parameters, tap the 🕑 button.

Adv	anced	$\otimes \otimes$
Mess	ages Cause Values	
🗆 use	filter	🗌 show unknown
	Name	
1	IAM	
2	SAM	
3	INR	=
4	INF	
5	COT	
6	ACM	
7	CON	
9	ANM	
10	Reserved (used in 1984 Ver)	
11	Reserved (used in 1984 Ver)	
12	REL	
13	SUS	
14	RES	
15	Reserved (used in 1984 Ver)	
16	RLC	
17	CCR	
18	RSC	
40	01.0	Clean Clean
		GICAL

Figure 5.17. Additional filter settings

Adv	anced					\otimes	0
Mess	ages	Cause '	Value	s			
🗹 use	e filte	ər				🗌 show unknown	
Code	Name						
1	IAM						
2	SAM						
3	INR						Ξ
4	INF						
6							
7	CON						
9	ANM						
10	Reser	ved (us	ed in	1984	Ver)		
11	Reser	ved (us	ed in	1984	Ver)		
12	REL						
13	SUS						
14	RES						
15	Reser	ved (usi	ed in	1984	ver)		
17	REG						
18	RSC						
	DL 0						-
						Clear	

Figure 5.18. SS7/ISUP, EDSS1/PRI, DSS1/PRI: filtering by message type

5.4 Parameters operations

5.4.1 Configuration file storing

This function is suitable for saving of frequently used patterns of filtering criteria.

- 1. Specify all required filter parameter values.
- 2. Tap the **File** button and, in the popped-up menu, select the **Save** item.
- 3. Input the file name in the popped-up window. The file name format is [date]-[time].cfg according to the date and time of file creation. The date format is yyyymmdd, the time format is hhmm.
- 4. Tap the 🛞 button. The file with the specified name will be created in the /tmp/[user]/ directory.

Protocols and filters setup	
Filter setup Groups	
🗌 same for all 🗹 use filter	ApplyFile
group 0 🔻	SS7/TCAP Open
skip fisu	any NI Restore
	any OPC
swap OPC/DPC	any DPC
Adva	anced
	A. B
🕐 📼 • 🖗	🕩 📗 o 📿 🗄 22:45

Figure 5.19. Parameters operations: file saving

5. To cancel the saving operation and return to the main window, tap the \bigotimes button.

5.4.2 Configuration file loading

- 1. Tap the **File** button. Select the **Open** item in the list.
- 2. In the popped-up window, select the name of the file to be opened.

3. To cancel the operation, tap the \bigotimes button.

5.4.3 Restoring of the previous configuration

To restore previously saved settings corresponding to each tapping on the **Apply** button for specified values, open the **File** menu and select the **Restore** item.

The **Protocol Analysis** application (**O-menu** \Rightarrow **Protocol Analysis** \Rightarrow **Protocol Analysis**) allows to process signalling data in two modes.

- **Data collection or monitoring mode** the device is connected to the data transmission system and performs data collection from the specified channel in real time.
- **Postprocessing mode** viewing and processing of data collected in real time (both newly collected data and previously saved data in the form of a trace file). In this mode, you can view decoded messages (with different grain sizes of output), filter data by selected parameters using the **Filters Setup** application, save data for further processing etc.

6.1 Graphical interface

6.1.1 Toolbar

- \land start/stop data collection.
- 🔍 decoding.
- \lor filtering.
- **—** file operations menu:
 - **Open** opening of a previously saved file;
 - Save saving of a trace file;
 - the list of five last opened files.

? Protocol analysis				\otimes
	<pre> Open Save /home/user/Settings/Konsole.conf /tmp/v5-main.png </pre>			
() → ◆		4	l 🛛 • 🔿 E	∃22:48

Figure 6.1. Protocol Analysis: file operations menu

- the **View** menu:
 - listing of message parameters displayed in the list (the number of available parameters depends on the selected protocol);
 - Deselect All deselecting all messages in the list.

LINE ACT LI	NE ACT LINE	ACT LINE	ACT		
? /var/spool/	/i7/user/i7.da	ıt			\odot
(A			8		
Date Time	Proto Link	Type NI	OPC DPC	CIC CgPN CdPN CV	Uate ∠
Tue 23:0	337713UFU	REL J	135 10	1626	Link
Tue 23:0	337713UF1	REL J	133 10	1020	Proto
Tue 23:0	557715UFU 997719UP4	INI J	133 10	651 0940	✓Tupe
Tue 23:0	337713UF1	TNT 7	135 10	651 0940	VNI
Tue 23.0	SS7/ISUP1	INI 3	135 18	651 09 40 -	Forc
Tue 23.0	SS7/ISUPO	TNT 3	135 18	591 09 16 -	√ DPC
Tue 23.0	SS7/ISUP1	INI 3	135 18	591 09 16 -	-CIC
Tue 23.0	SS7/ISUP0	RFI 3	135 18	239 16	✓CgPN
Tue 23.0	SS7/ISUP1	REL 3	135 18	239 16	COPN
Tue 23:0	SSZ/ISUP0	ADD3	135 18	923	-CV
Tue 23:0	SS7/ISUP1	ADD 3	135 18	923	✔Info
Tue 23:0	SSZ/ISUP0	REL	135 18	1790 16	Deselect all
Tue 23:0	SS7/ISUP1	REL 3	135 18	1790 16	CV
Tue23:0	SS7/ISUPO	INI 3	135 18	12930963	Cd
Tue23:0	SS7/ISUP1	INI 3	135 18	12930963	Cd
Tue23:0	SS7/ISUP0	INI 3	135 18	14070918	Cd
Tue23:0	SS7/ISUP1	INI 3	135 18	14070918	Cd 🛛 🗸
T 97.0	007/10000		475 40	4700 40	
0° 🔤 - 🌺 🐟	•				🐏 📗 o 🔿 🗄 23:07

Figure 6.2. Protocol Analysis: menu View

6.1.2 The message list

The main part of the **Protocol Analysis** application window is the message list as a table representing signalling packets registered by the device. Each message corresponds to one row in the list. Wrong or unknown messages are highlighted in red colour in the list¹.

The following basic parameters are displayed for all messages, regardless of the protocol:

Date — the date of message registration in the device;

Time — the time of message registration in the device;

Link — the signalling link;

Proto — the signalling protocol;

Info — the information.

For hexadecimal data representation (${\bf HEX}$), only the basic parameters are outputted.

Remaining available message parameters are determined by the protocol type.

¹ Message highlighting is applied only in the data view mode.

CAS (R1.5)

LINE	ACT LI		LINE	ACT]	LINE	ACT					[
? /~	ar/spool/	/i7/user/	∕i7.da	t									0	\otimes
(A		e,		$) \square$	\otimes								
Date	Time	Proto	Link	Info	V/0	CAS 500) FO	F1	F2	F4	F7	F11	2600 E	
	37.0	CAR	2	-	16	00	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Tue	23:0	CAR	2	-	10	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23.0	CAS	3	_	16	00	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	=
Tue	23:0	CAS	2	-	2	00	õ	õ	ŏ	ŏ	õ	ŏ	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	2	_	17	00	ō	Ō	ō	ō	ō	ō	Ō	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	2	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	17	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	1	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	16	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	2	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	17	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	3	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	18	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	4	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	19	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	3	-	2	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tue	23:0	CAS	.3	-	17	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
~	C 1.									_	_	A . II		
U ≡	- 🍫 🐗	>										S	• () -	=23:01

Figure 6.3. Protocol Analysis: CAS

- **V/C** (Voice Channel) the number of the voice channel (1...30) in which a change has occurred;
- **CAS** CAS-bits specified by the user for one voice channel in both directions (in the *forward:backward* format);

Table 6.1: Signalling frequency description

Designation	Signalling frequency value (Hz)
500	500
F0	700
F1	900
F2	1100
F4	1300
F7	1500
F11	1700
2600	2600

• **State** — the information about frequency combination.

DSS1/PRI, EDSS1/PRI

		NE ACT	LINE	(ACT)	LINE	ACT	·)[)[
?^	var/spool/	/i7/user/	∕i7.da	t										\otimes
	A		e				8							
Date	Time	Proto	Link	Type	TE	ICIC	Cg	PN CdP	Ւ CV	Info				
Tue	23:0	DSS1/PRJ	0	DM	40	-	-	-	-	-				
Tue	23:0	DSS1/PRI	[1	DM	4D	-	-	-	-	-				
Tue	23:0	DSS1/PRI	0	-	4F	-	-	-	-	-				
Tue	23:0	DSS1/PRI	[1	-	4F	-	-	-	-	-				
Tue	23:0	DSS1/PRI	[0	SREJ	4B	-	-	-	-	-				
Tue	23:0	DSS1/PR]	[1	SREJ	4B	-	-	-	-	-				
Tue	23:0	DSS1/PRI	[0	UI	40	-	-	-	-	-				
lue	23:0	USS1/PRI	11	01	40	-	-	-	-	-				
lue	23:0	DSS1/PRJ	LU 54	-	40	7	-	-	-	-				
Tue		DSS1/PRJ	11	-	4L 4D	-	-	-	-	-				
Tue	23:0	DSS1/PRJ	LU F 4	SREJ	4U 4D	-	-	-	-	-				
rue	23:0	D221/EK1	11	SKEJ	4U	-	-	-	-	-				
														▼
() ≡	= • 餋 🗠	•] 🔁	• () :	∃23:02

Figure 6.4. Protocol Analysis: DSS1/PRI

- **Type** the message type;
- **TEI** Terminal Endpoint Identifier;
- **CIC** Channel Identification Code;
- **CgPN** Calling Party Number;
- CdPN Called Party Number;
- **CV** Cause Value (the reason of disconnection).

LIN	E ACT L	INE ACT	LINE ACT	LINE	ст)][]	
?	/var/spool.	/i7/user/	i7.dat						0	\otimes
	A		e		8		-	- E -R-+-		
Date Tue Tue Tue Tue	23:0 23:0 23:0	SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP	1 REL. 1 REL. 0 INI. 1 INI.	NI UF 3 13 3 13 3 13 3 13	5 18 5 18 5 18	1626 - 651 09 651 09	 . 40 . 40	↓Time ↓Link ↓Proto ↓Type ↓NT		_
Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue	23:0 23:0 23:0 23:0 23:0 23:0	SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP	0 INI. 1 INI. 0 INI. 1 INI. 0 REL. 1 REL. 0 ADD.		5 18 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 18	651 09 651 09 591 09 239 - 239 - 923 -	. 40 . 40 . 16 . 16 - 16 - 16 - 16	VOPC VDPC VCIC VCgPN VCdPN VCdPN VCV		
Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue	23:0 23:0 23:0 23:0 23:0 23:0 23:0 23:0	SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP SS7/ISUP	1 ADD. 0 REL. 1 REL. 0 INI. 1 INI. 0 INI. 1 INI.		10 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18 15 18	923 - 1790 - 1790 - 1293 09 1293 09 1407 09 1407 09	16 - 16 .63 .18 .18	VInfo Deselect CV Cd Cd Cd Cd	all	▲ ▼
O	= • 🍫 ৰ	 >			u <u> </u>	()	A.C.	🍈 📣 📗	• () =	∃23:07

SS7/ISUP, SS7/TCAP

Figure 6.5. Protocol Analysis: SS7/ISUP, SS7/TCAP

- **Type** the message type;
- NI Network Indicator;
- **OPC** Originating Point Code;
- **DPC** Destination Point Code;
- **CIC** Channel Identification Code;
- **CgPN** Calling Party Number;
- **CdPN** Called Party Number;
- **CV** Cause Value (the reason of disconnection).

6.1.3 Message list settings

6.1.3.1 Parameter output settings

- 1. Tap the $\boxed{1}$ icon. The list will appear in which the names of displayed columns are marked with the \checkmark symbol.
- 2. In this list, select the columns to be displayed in the message list: just tap the name of the required column with the stylus.
- 3. To disable display of the column in the output, just tap its name again.

? /	/va	r/spool/	i7/us	er∕i7.d	lat									0	\otimes
		A		Ę				\$	4)()	-	
Date		Proto	Link	Type	NI	OPC	DPC	CIC	CgPN	CdPN	C٧	Info			
rue .	•••	337713UF		REL	3	130	10	1020	-	_	-				
lue .	•••	SS77ISUP	1	REL	5	135	18	1626	-	-	-	Ξ.			
lue .	• •	SS//ISUP	0	INI	ک	135	18	651	09	40	-	Cd			
Tue .	• •	SS7/ISUP	1	INI	3	135	18	651	09	. 40	. –	Cd			
Tue .	• •	SS7/ISUP	0	INI	3	135	18	651	09	40	-	Cd			=
Tue .		SS7/ISUP	1	INI	3	135	18	651	09	40	-	Cd			
Tue .		SS7/ISUP	0	INI	3	135	18	591	09	. 16	-	Cd			
Tue .		SS7/ISUP	1	INI	3	135	18	591	09	. 16	-	Cd			
Tue .		SS7/ISUP	0	REL	3	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV			
Tue .		SS7/ISUP	1	REL	3	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV			
Tue .		SS7/ISUP	0	ADD	3	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC			
Tue .		SS7/ISUP	1	ADD	3	135	18	923	_	_	_	ВС			
Tue .		SS7/ISUP	0	REL	3	135	18	1790	_	_	16	CV			
Tue .		SS7/ISUP	1	REL	3	135	18	1790	-	-	16	СУ			
Tue .		SS7/TSUP	0	TNT	3	1.35	18	1293	09	63	_	Cd			
Tue		SS7/TSUP	1	TNT	3	135	18	1293	09.	63	_	Cd.			
Тие	•••	SS7/ISUP	ñ	TNT	3	135	18	1407	09	18		Cd			
Tuo .	•••	987719UP	1	TNT	3	135	18	1407	ng	18		Cd			
Tuo .	• •	887/18UP	<u>.</u>	PEI	3	135	18	1790			16	CV.			
Tue .	• •	237713UF 227712HP	1	PEL	7	135	18	1700	_	_	16	CV			
	•••	0077100	-	NEE	5	100	10	1, 50			10		 A. (1)	_	
Û ≊	璧.	• 🌭 🐟											- P	۵Q a]23:09

Figure 6.6. Protocol Analysis: the message list

Fig.6.2, page 37, and Fig.6.6 show the ordinary message list and the list in which the **Time** column is not displayed.

6.1.3.1.1 Changing the column width

- 1. Select a column to change its width.
- 2. Tap the right border of the column in the list header.
- 3. Holding down the stylus on the device screen, drag the border until you reach the desired column width.

The example shows the ordinary message list and the list in which the width of the **Time** column is changed.

?^~	ar/spool	./i7/user	/i7.d	at											\otimes
	2		e,		$) \square$		8			(
Date	Time	Proto	Link	Type	NI	OPC	DPC	CIC	CgPN	CdPN	CV	Info			
rue	. 23:0	-3577150	-0	REL	3	130	10	1020	-	-	_	_			
Tue	. 23:0	. 5577150	-1	REL	3	135	18	1626	-	-	-	-			
lue	. 23:0	. 55771506	-0	INI	ک	135	18	651	09	. 40	. –	Ud			
Tue	.23:0	. SS7/ISU	-1	INI	3	135	18	651	09	. 40	. –	Cd			
Tue	.23:0	.SS7/ISU	P0	INI	3	135	18	651	09	. 40	. –	Cd			
Tue	.23:0	.SS7/ISU	°1	INI	3	135	18	651	09	.40	. –	Cd			
Tue	.23:0	.SS7/ISU	P0	INI	3	135	18	591	09	. 16	. –	Cd			
Tue	.23:0	.SS7/ISU	P1	INI	3	135	18	591	09	. 16	. –	Cd			
Tue	. 23:0	SS7/ISU	P0	REL	3	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV			
Tue	. 23:0	.SS7/ISU	°1	REL	3	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV			
Tue	. 23:0	.SS7/ISU	°0	ADD	3	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC			
Tue	. 23:0	SS7/ISU	°1	ADD	3	135	18	923	_	_	_	BC			
Tue	. 23:0	SS7/ISU	P0	REL	3	135	18	1790	I —	_	16	CV			
Tue	. 23:0	SS7/ISU	P1	REL	3	135	18	1790	I —	-	16	СУ			
Tue	. 23:0	SS7/ISU	P0	INI	3	135	18	1293	09	. 63	-	Cd			
Tue	. 23:0	SS7/TSU	- -1	TNT	3	135	18	1293	09	63.	_	Cd			
Tue	23.0	SS7/TSU	- ⊃∩	TNT	3	135	18	1407	09	18	_	Cd			
Tue	23.0	SS7/ISU	⊇1	TNT	3	135	18	1407	09	18	· _	Cd			
Tuo	23.0	SS7/ISU	-	REI	3	135	1.8	1700			16	CV			
тие	23.0	SS7/130	⊇1	REL	3	135	18	1700	-	_	16	сv			
	. 20.0	. 0077130	*	NEC	-	100	10	1,90			10		A. (11)	_	
() ≡	I • 餋 <	>										5	Þ	$\circ \bigcirc $	23:12

Figure 6.7. Protocol Analysis: the original view

? /ve	ar/spool/i7	7/user/i	7.dat										0	\otimes
	\$)	e,		\otimes)	6	1)		
Date	Time		Proto	Link	Type	NI	OPC	DPC	CIC	CgPl	۲ CdF	PN CV	Info	
Tue	23:06:01.7	713020	-337713UF	1	REL	3	475	10	4020	_	_	_	_	
Tue	23:06:01.7	13133	337713UF	1	KEL	3	133	10	1626	-	- 10	-	-	
Tue	23:06:02.0	J34328	557715UP	J	INI	2	130	10	651	09	40.	· · -	La	
Tue	23:06:02.0	J94693	SS7/ISUP	1	INI	3	135	18	651	09	40.	••-	La	
lue	23:06:03.0	178528	SS77ISUP	J	INI	3	135	18	651	09	40.	••-	La	
lue	23:06:03.0	178653	SS7/ISUP	1	INI	5	135	18	651	09	. 40.	· · -	Cd	
Tue	23:06:03.0	092153	SS7/ISUP	0	INI	3	135	18	591	09	. 16.	· · -	Cd	
Tue	23:06:03.0	092278	SS7/ISUP	1	INI	3	135	18	591	09	16.		Cd	. 🖿
Tue	23:06:03.5	538653	SS7/ISUP	С	REL	3	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV	
Tue	23:06:03.5	538778	SS7/ISUP	1	REL	3	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV	
Tue	23:06:03.5	562028	SS7/ISUP	О	ADD	3	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC	
Tue	23:06:03.5	562153	SS7/ISUP	1	ADD	3	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC	
Tue	23:06:03.5	585403	SS7/ISUP	0	REL	3	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV	
Tue	23:06:03.5	585528	SS7/ISUP:	1	REL	3	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV	
Tue	23:06:04.8	349778	SS7/ISUP	С	INI	3	135	18	1293	09	.63.		Cd	
Tue	23:06:04.8	349903	SS7/ISUP	1	INI	3	135	18	1293	09	. 63.		Cd	
Tue	23:06:05.0	074403	SS7/ISUP	С	INI	3	135	18	1407	09	. 18.		Cd	
Tue	23:06:05.0	074528	SS7/ISUP	1	INI	3	135	18	1407	09	. 18.		Cd	
Tue	23:06:05.6	533403	SS7/ISUP	С	REL	3	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV	
Tue	23:06:05.6	533528	SS7/ISUP	1	REL	3	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV	
0 📼	-🏷 🐟										I)	•O) = 23:

Figure 6.8. Protocol Analysis: the width of the Time column is changed

6.1.3.1.2 Moving the columns

- 1. Select a column that have to be moved.
- 2. Tap the column name and, holding down the stylus on the screen, drag the column to the desired position. When you drag the column, its future location is schematically shown by a dotted line.

?) /va	ar/spool	/i7/	user	/i7.da	at											\otimes
\square		~	\square		e,		$)\square$		\otimes			(-	
Dat	e	Time	Pro	to	Link	Type	NI	OPC	DPC	CIC	CgPN	CdPN	CV	Info			
Tue		23:0	3377 SS77	TSUE/	21	REL	3	135	18	1626	_	_	_	_			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	, o	INI	3	135	18	651	09	40	_	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	1	INI	3	135	18	651	09	40	_	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	0	INI	3	135	18	651	09	40	. –	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	1	INI	3	135	18	651	09	40	. –	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	0	INI	3	135	18	591	09	16	. –	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	°1	INI	3	135	18	591	09	16	-	Cd			
lue	• • •	23:0	SS77	/ISUF	<u>'0</u>	REL	ک	135	18	239	-	-	16	LV			
lue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	'1	REL	5	135	18	239	-	-	16	UV			
lue	• • •	23:0	5577	/ISUF	0	ADD	5	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC			
lue	• • •	23:0	SS77	/ISUF	1	AUU	5	135	18	923	-	-	-	BU			
lue	• • •	23:0	5577	ISUF	0	REL	5	135	18	1790	-	-	16	UV			
Tue	• • •	23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	'1	REL	3	135	18	1790	-	-	16	Ε۷			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	0	INI	3	135	18	1293	09	63	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	1	INI	3	135	18	1293	09	63	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	0	INI	3	135	18	1407	09	18	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	1	INI	3	135	18	1407	09	18	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	0	REL	3	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	/ISUF	1	REL	3	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV			
O		-🌭	*											5)) 	۵ 0 5	∃23:12

Figure 6.9. Protocol Analysis: the original list view

?	/va	ar/spool	./i7/u	iser,	∕i7.dat	t										0	\otimes
		8			e,				\otimes			(-	
Date	2	Time	Prot	0	Type	NI	Link	OPC	DPC	CIC	CgPN	CdPN	C۷	Info			
Tue	• • •	23:0	-3377	ISUF	REL	3	0	130	10	1626		-	_	-			
Tue	• • •	23:0	. 5577	ISUP	REL	3	1	135	18	1626) -	-	-	-			
lue	• • •	23:0	. 5577	ISUP	INI	5	0	135	18	651	09	. 40	-	Ľd			
Tue	• • •	23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	INI	3	1	135	18	651	09	. 40	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	INI	3	0	135	18	651	09	.40	-	Cd			\equiv
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	INI	3	1	135	18	651	09	.40	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	INI	3	0	135	18	591	09	.16	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	INI	3	1	135	18	591	09	.16	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	REL			135	18	239			16	CV			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	REL	3	1	135	18	239	-	-	16	Ε٧			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	ADD	3	0	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	ADD	3	1	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	REL	3	0	135	18	1790) —	_	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	REL	3	1	135	18	1790) —	_	16	CV			
Tue		23:0		ISUP	INI	3	0	135	18	1293	809	. 63	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	TSUP	TNT	3	1	135	18	1293	109	. 63	_	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	TSUP	TNT	3	0	135	18	1407	09	. 18	_	Cd			
Tue		23.0	SS7/	TSUP	TNT	3	1	135	18	1407	209	18	_	Cd.			
Тиа		23.0	8877	TSUP	RFI	3	ñ	135	18	1790) _		16	сч			
Tue		23:0	. SS7/	ISUP	RFL	3	1	135	18	1790) _	_	16	CV			
O		- 🏷 <	>			<u> </u>	-	100		2, 20			10	<u> </u>)) 👖	•0	23:10

Figure 6.10. Protocol Analysis: the Link column is moved

6.2 Monitoring mode

- 1. Activate the **Protocol Analysis** application by making the required preliminary settings (refer to the description above).
- 2. To enter the monitoring mode, tap the \bigwedge icon on the toolbar. The device starts data collection and display in real time.



When you return to the monitoring mode next time, the message list will be cleared and all previously registered data will be lost! Save the required information beforehand!

6.2.0.1 Monitoring status applet

You can visually check the current status of the signalling data collection process in real time using the monitoring status applet.

The applet is represented by the indicator that looks like a circle with a

moving dot



- The indicator is in green, the dot is moving the signalling data collection process is going on.
- The indicator is in red, the dot is not moving the real-time monitoring is not running.

6.2.0.2 Quick search

The analyzer supports the quick search capability that allows to find the required information in the message list by the substring.

- 1. Stop the data collection.
- 2. Double tap (like a mouse double clicking on a PC) any string in the list.
- 3. Input a search substring in the popped-up dialog box. You can use wildcard characters.
- 4. Tap the **Find next** button. If the requested data are found, then the search will be stopped and the cursor will indicate the found message string.
- 5. To find a next string satisfying the request, tap the **Find next** button again.
- 6. To exit the search dialog box, tap \bigotimes .

(?)/var/spool/i7/user/i7.dat	\odot
Date Time Proto Type NI Link OPC DPC CIC CgPN CdPN CV Info	
Tue 23:0SS7/ISUPREL3 0 135 18 1626- - - Tue 23:0SS7/ISUPREL3 1 135 18 1626- - - - Tue 23:0SS7/ISUPINI3 1 135 18 651 0940 Cd Tue 23:0SS7/ISUPREL3 1 135 18 651 0940 Cd Tue 23:0SS7/ISUPADD3 1 16 CV - 16 CV Tue 23:0.	
Image: Construct to the second sec	- = + Ret Shift Alt Ctrl

Figure 6.11. Protocol Analysis: quick search

6.3 Data decoding

Any registered signalling message can be fully decoded. Fully decoded messages are displayed with the customized grain size, i.e. you can view the data of selected protocol subsystems only (e.g. only the ISUP data are displayed, and the MTP2/MTP3 data are ignored).

6.3.1 Message decoding

To fully decode one or several messages, do the following operations.

- 1. Stop the data collection.
- 2. Select the messages to be decoded: tap the string of the required message.

To unselect the message, tap again its string in the list. Besides, you can use the additional function **Deselect All** in the **View** menu. In this case, all previously selected messages will be deselected.

?) /v	ar/spool	l/i7/u	ser∕i7.da	t										0	\otimes
		~		e,				\otimes			(
Dat	e	Time	Proto	o Type	NI	Link	OPC	DPC	CIC	CgPN	CdPN	C۷	Info			
тие	••	.23:0	. 33771	SUFREL	-3	-0	130	10	1020	-	-	-	-			
Tue	••	. 23:0	. 55771	SUPREL	2	1	130	18	1626	-	-	-	-			
Tue	••	. 23:0	. 55771	SUPINI	3	0	130	18	651	09	. 40	_	La			
Tue	• •	. 23:0	. 55771	SUPINI	3	1	135	18	651	09	. 40	-	La			
lue	•••	.23:0	. 88771	SUPINI	د ا	0	135	18	651	09	. 40	-	Ud			
lue	• •	.23:0	. 55771	SUPINI	5	1	135	18	651	09	. 40	-	Ud			
Tue	• •	.23:0	. SS7/I	SUPINI	3	0	135	18	591	09	.16	-	Cd			
Tue		.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPINI	3	1	135	18	591	09	.16	-	Cd			
Tue	• •	.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPREL	3	0	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV			
Tue	• •	.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPREL	3	1	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV			
Tue		.23:0	. SS7/I	SUPADD	3	0	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC			
Tue		.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPADD	3	1	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC			
Tue		.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPREL	3	0	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV			
Tue		.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPREL	3	1	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV			
Tue		.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPINI	3	0	135	18	1293	09	.63	-	Cd			
Tue		.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPINI			135	18	1293		.63		Cd			
Tue		.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPINI	3	0	135	18	1407	09	. 18	-	Cd			
Tue		.23:0	. SS7/I	SUPINI	3	1	135	18	1407	09	.18	-	Cd			
Tue		.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPREL	3	0	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV			
Tue		.23:0	.SS7/I	SUPREL	3	1	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV			
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Figure 6.12. Data decoding: message selection

3. When the required messages are selected, tap the (\bigcirc) button. The detailed decoded data window will appear on the screen.

Pecoded packets	\otimes	Ø
(Expand/Collapse)		
Messages		
Tue Jan 13 1970 23:06:03.078528 0 SS7/ISUP INITIAL ADDRESS 3 135 18 651 0957399400	4015138f	-
ġ-MTP2		
-MTP2: Blue book, 1988		
0 .0001010 Backward sequence number 10 Dec		
1 Backward indicator bit 1 Dec		_
1 .0010100 Forward sequence number 20 Dec		
- 1 Forward indicator bit 1 Dec		
- 2101101 Length indicator		
00 Spare		
⊡-MTP3		
-MTP3: Q.704 Blue book, 1988		
30101 Service indicator ISDN User Part		
11 Network indicator		
4 ***b14** Destination point code 18 Dec		
***b14** Originating point code 135 Dec		
1011 Signalling link selection 11 Dec		
H-ISUP		_
Tue Jan 13 1970 23:06:03.092278 1 ss7/ISUP INITIAL ADDRESS 3 135 18 591 0957377000	1668182f	_ V
III III III III III III III III III II		4 1
🕐 🖷 - 🗞 🐟 🥵 👘		∃23:20

Figure 6.13. Data decoding: detailed decoded data

6.3.2 Customizing the grain size

- 1. Tap the $\overline{\cdots}$ button in the right corner of the toolbar.
- 2. In the list appeared on the screen, mark the required subsystems of the signalling protocol. The data of the marked subsystems will be displayed automatically when using the **Expand/Collapse** option.

6.3.2.1 Messages expanding/collapsing

When you open the detailed decoded data window, collapsed messages are displayed, i.e. only the message header is shown. To expand messages, tap the **Expand/Collapse** button on the toolbar. Messages are displayed in a tree view, different signalling protocol subsystems are represented in a hierarchical structure. Data relating to unmarked subsystems (see the description in the above subsection) remain collapsed. To collapse all messages, tap the button again.

?) De	cod	led pa	acke	ets														\otimes)	6	ß
(E×p	and/	′Co	llaps	se)																6		.)
Mes	sage	es																				
Tue	Jan	13	1970	23:	06:	03	078528	0	SS7/ISUP	INITIAL	ADDRESS	33	135	18	651	09573	39940	004	0151	38f	- C	dPI
Tue	Jan	13	1970	23:	06:	03.	.092278	1	SS7/ISUP	INITIAL	ADDRESS	3	135	18	591	09573	37700	00 1	6681	82£	- C	dPl
Tue	Jan	13	1970	23:	06 :	03.	.562028	0	SS7/ISUF	ADDRESS	COMPLE	TE	3 1	35	18 92	23 -	:	BCI	: Sub	scrik	ber	fr
Tue	Jan	13	1970	23:	06 :	03.	.585528	1	SS7/ISUP	RELEASE	3 135	18	1790	-	- 16	CV:N	orma	l c	all	clear	ing	ſ
Tue	Jan	13	1970	23:	06 :	04.	849903	1	SS7/ISUP	INITIAL	ADDRESS	3	135	18	1293	0957	3930	000	6324	425£	-	Cd
Tue	Jan	13	1970	23:	06 :	05.	.074528	1	SS7/ISUP	INITIAL	ADDRESS	3 3	135	18	1407	0957	376.	562	1879	9390£	-	Cđ
						_	_		ш									_				4 1-
ſ	• 📖	•	<u>}</u>	۵													Þ		•()=	23	:22

Figure 6.14. Decoded packets: the original view

Pecoded packets	\otimes	œ
Expand/Collapse	ſ	
Messages		
Tue Jan 13 1970 23:06:03.078528 0 ss7/Isup INITIAL ADDREss 3 135 18 651 0957399400 -	1015138f	-
⊡-MTP2		
-MTP2: Blue book, 1988		
0 .0001010 Backward sequence number 10 Dec		
- 1 Backward indicator bit 1 Dec		
1 .0010100 Forward sequence number 20 Dec		
- 1 Forward indicator bit 1 Dec		
2101101 Length indicator 45 Dec		
00 Spare		
- MTP3		
-MTP3: Q.704 Blue book, 1988		
- 30101 Service indicator ISDN User Part		
11 Network indicator Reserved for national use		
4 ***b14** Destination point code 18 Dec		
***b14** Originating point code 135 Dec		
1011 Signalling link selection 11 Dec		
E-ISUP		-
Tue Jan 13 1970 23:06:03.092278 1 ss7/ISUP INITIAL ADDRESS 3 135 18 591 0957377000	1668182£	- V
		4 1
🕐 🖷 - 🌭 🐟 🔛 🚽 🗎	• () =	∃23:20

Figure 6.15. Decoded packets: the expanded messages view

You can also expand/collapse messages manually, without using the automatic function.

To expand the message or the data of the subsystem, tap the + sign at the beginning of the message header string or the subsystem string. Then the sign at the beginning of the string will change to -. Tap the sign again to collapse the data.

6.3.3 Writing decoded messages to a file

You can save decoded messages as a text file.

- 1. Tap the 🔚 button.
- 2. Input the file name in the popped-up dialog box. By default, the name includes the date and time of file saving in the yyymmdd-hhmm.txt format.
- 3. Tap 🕑 to create the file with the specified name in the /tmp/[username] directory (if no other directory was created when specifying the file name).
- 4. To cancel the saving operation, tap \bigotimes .

② Save decoded mess	ages as		\otimes
A			
Name Size	Date Mime Type		
Name: 19700113-2324.tx1	t		
Files	.	text files	V
()^ == - 🌭 🐟			争 🛛 • 🔿 =23:24

Figure 6.16. Data decoding: writing to the file

6.3.4 Viewing of saved messages

Since decoded messages are saved in an ordinary text file, you can use any available text editor for viewing saved messages.

6.4 Data saving and postprocessing

6.4.1 Data saving

- 1. Stop the data collection.
- 2. Select the messages to be saved. To unselect a message, tap the corresponding string again. Besides, in the **View** () menu, the additional function **Deselect All** is available.

If you need to save all collected data, do not select any message.

3. Tap the \blacksquare button. Select the **Save** item.

?) /va	ar/spool	/i7/u	∣ser/i7.d	at											\otimes
(~		e,	Г			0.0				_)(6)
Dat	e	Time	Prot	o Type	1	🥏 upen 🗟 Save							nfo			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	ISUPREL	. 3	/hom∈ /tmn/	v5-m	r/Se ain	tting	s/Ko	nsole.	conf				
Tue		23:0	SS7/:	ISUPINI	. 3		100	-10-	- <u>19</u>	.	··· - · · ·	•	d			
Tue		23:0	SS7/3	ISUPINI	. 3	1	135	18	651	09.	40		Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/3	ISUPINI	. 3	0	135	18	651	09.	40	. –	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/3	ISUPINI	. 3	1	135	18	651	09.	40	. –	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/3	ISUPINI	. 3	0	135	18	591	09.	16		Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/3	ISUPINI	. 3	1	135	18	591	09.	16	. –	Cd			\equiv
Tue		23:0	SS7/3	ISUPREL	. 3	0	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	SS7/3	ISUPREL	. 3	1	135	18	239	-	-	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	SS7/3	ISUPADD	. 3	0	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	ISUPADD	. 3	1	135	18	923	-	-	-	BC			
Tue		23:0	SS7/3	ISUPREL	. 3	0	135	18	1790) —	-	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	SS7/2	ISUPREL	. 3	1	135	18	1790) —	-	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	ISUPINI	. 3	0	135	18	1293	809.	63		Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	ISUPINI	. 3	1	135	18	1293	309.	63	-	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	ISUPINI	. 3	0	135	18	1407	'09.	18		Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	ISUPINI	. 3	1	135	18	1407	09.	18	. –	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	ISUPREL.	. 3	0	135	18	1790) —	-	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	SS7/	ISUPREL	. 3	1	135	18	1790) —	-	16	CV			
Ű		-🏷 <											5)) 🛛 🕯		23:26

Figure 6.17. Data saving

4. In the popped-up window, input the name of the file for saving of required data. Tap $\textcircled{\mbox{sol}}$.

By default, the trace file is saved in the /tmp/[user name] directory. The file name extension is .dat, the file name is determined by the date and time of saving: yyyymmdd-hhmm.dat (e.g. 20040327-1635.dat).

② Save trace as					\otimes	©K)
\frown						
Name Size	Date Mime Type					
Name 19700113-2326.dat						
Files		▼ i7 file	·s			T
()^ == - 🍫 🔷				🔹	00 E	23:27

Figure 6.18. File saving

6.4.2 Viewing of trace files



When you open the file, all data currently displayed in the list will be lost! Save the required information beforehand!

- 1. Stop the data collection.
- 2. Tap the 🔚 button, and then select the **Open** item in the popped up list.
- 3. In the popped up window, tap the name of a previously saved trace file that you need to view.

Besides, the **File** menu contains the list of five last viewed files, where you can also select the required file.

② Open trace			\otimes
\sim			
Name Si:	ze Date Mime Type		
2 19700113-23 277	731 Tue		
19700113-23 277	'31 Tue		
19700113-23 260	01 Tue		
Name:			
Files	V	trace files	V
🌀 🛲 - 🍫 🐟			🔹 🚺 🚺 🔿 🖉 🖓

Figure 6.19. Trace file opening

6.4.3 Message filtering

- 1. Stop the real-time data collection.
- Open the Filters Setup application and specify required filtering conditions. For detailed description of the application, refer to section 5, page 19.
- 3. You can resume the data collection. In this case, all registered data will be filtered before displaying in accordance with specified rules. Note that in this case, the device will ignore all data which do not match the filtering conditions, and these data will be unavailable for viewing and restoring.

?	Fi	ltered													0	\otimes
		A		e,							(
Dat	e	Time	Proto	Type	NI	Link	OPC	DPC	CIC	CgPN	I CdPN	CV	Info			
Tue	• • •	23:0	-337713UF		3	1	133	10	1626	-	-					
Tue	• • •	23:0	007/10UF	- REL Ətnit	2	1 0	175	10	1020	00	40	_	- Cd			=
Tue	• • •	23:0	007/10UF	- 1N1 Этыт	2	4	175	10	651	09	.40	• -	Cd			
Tue		23.0	227/130	⊇TNT	7	0	135	1.8	651	09	40		Cd			
Tue		23.0	SS7/130		3	1	135	18	651	09	40		cd			
Тие	• • •	23.0	SS7/130		3		100	10	001	ng	16	· _	Cd			
Тие	• • •	23.0	SS7/130		3	1	$-\alpha$		60	ng	16	• _	Cd			
Тие	• • •	23.0	SS7/ISU	PRFI	3	ά l	<u></u>	<u>/</u>	<u> </u>		-	16	rv			
Тие		23.0	SS7/ISU	PRFI	3	ĭ				_	_	16	с сv			
Tue		23.0	SS7/ISUE	PANN	3	â l	ſ	Go		L	_	-	вс			
Tue		23.0	SS7/ISUE	- ADD	3	ĭ		uned.	_	_	_	_	BC			
Tue		23:0	SSZ/ISUE	PREL	3	ō		unu.	0	_	_	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	SS7/ISUE	PREL	3	1				_	_	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	SS7/ISU	PINI	3	õ	135	18	1293	09	. 63		Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/ISUF	PINI	3	1	135	18	1293	09	.63	_	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/ISU	PINI	3	0	135	18	1407	09	. 18	_	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/ISUF	PINI	3	1	135	18	1407	09	.18	_	Cd			
Tue		23:0	SS7/ISUR	PREL	3	0	135	18	1790	- 1	_	16	CV			
Tue		23:0	SS7/ISUF	PREL	3	1	135	18	1790	-	-	16	CV			
Ű		-🌭 ৰ	>										Ę)	• () :	∃23:30

Figure 6.20. Message filtering: settings



Remember that the message list filtering involves a list re-reading which leads to loss of all unsaved data! Do not forget to save the required data beforehand!

7. Technical support

Additional information on the **Bercut-MMT** device and new software can be found at the company site www.metrotek.ru. You also can send an email or call Technical Support Service (refer to **Contact Information**). Please provide problem description and device data that can be found in the device's menu item: *Bercut-MMT Device Information* (O-menu \Rightarrow **Configuring** \Rightarrow **Bercut-MMT Information**), and consist of the following information:

- device serial number (also present on the rear panel);
- version;
- pluggable modules information.

Note: prior to application to the technical support service it is recommended to update the firmware version of the device and to check its operability again.

7.1 Contact Information

Metrotek 105082, Moscow, 26v/2, Bolshaya Pochtovaya street Phone: (495) 961-0071 www.metrotek.ru